



MARGAUX RESOURCES LTD.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

INTRODUCTION

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of the operations of Margaux Resources Ltd. ("Margaux" or the "Corporation") is dated March 1, 2018 and constitutes management's review of the factors that affected the Corporation's financial and operating performance for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016. This MD&A was written to comply with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 – Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Corporation for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted. The condensed interim financial statements of the Corporation for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

For the purposes of preparing this MD&A, management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, considers the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of Margaux common shares; or (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) if it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors, evaluates materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity. The date of this MD&A is March 1, 2018.

Further information about the Corporation and its operations can be obtained from the offices of the Corporation or from www.sedar.com.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This document contains certain forward-looking statements, including management's assessment of future plans and operations, and capital expenditures and the timing thereof, that involve substantial known and unknown risks and uncertainties, certain of which are beyond Margaux's control. Forward looking information does not relate strictly to historical or current facts and can be identified by words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "intend", "may", "project", "should", "will" or similar expressions. These statements represent management's reasonable projections, expectations and estimates as of the date of this document but undue reliance should not be placed upon them, as they are derived from many assumptions. Such assumptions are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including the business risks discussed in the MD&A, which may cause actual performance and financial results to differ materially from any projections of future performance or results implied by such forward looking statements.

The forward looking information in the MD&A is subject to significant risks and uncertainties and is based on many factors and assumptions which may prove to be incorrect; including, but not limited to, the following:

- The Corporation's expectations with regards to qualified expenditures for flow-through shares;
- The sufficiency of the Corporation's financial resources with which to conduct its capital program; and
- Whether or not the Corporation can obtain additional capital through equity or debt issuances.

The forward looking information represents management's views as of the date of this MD&A and such information should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this document. Management has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to vary from those current expectations or estimates expressed or implied by the forward looking information. However, there may be other factors that cause actual results or performance to differ materially from current estimates and expectations. Other risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- Normal risks common to the mining industry, including various operational risks in the implementation of exploration, development and production operations;
- Risks and uncertainties of mining economic geological reserves;

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- Revisions or amendments to capital expenditure programs, including development and exploitation opportunities;
- The Corporation's ability to attract and retain qualified professional employees and consultants;
- Risks as to the availability and pricing of appropriate financing alternatives on acceptable terms; and
- Potential changes in government policies, rules, approval process changes, delays or enhancements, or income tax regulations.

The preparation of the condensed interim financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make certain judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Estimating reserves is also critical to several accounting estimates and requires judgment and decisions based on available geological, engineering and economic data. These estimates may change, having either a negative or positive effect on net earnings as further information becomes available, and as the economic environment changes.

Margaux's actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied in, these forward-looking statements and, accordingly, no assurances can be given that any of the events anticipated by the forward-looking statements will transpire or occur, or if any of them do so, what benefits, including the amount of proceeds, that Margaux will derive therefrom. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. All subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, attributable to Margaux or persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements. Furthermore, the forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of the date of this document and Margaux does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any of the included forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable securities laws.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND OVERALL PERFORMANCE

The Corporation was incorporated on August 5, 2009 pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) as "Carmen Energy Inc.". On July 22, 2013, the Corporation changed its name to "Margaux Resources Ltd.". The Corporation's shares are posted for trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") and the OTCQB Venture Market.

The Corporation is a mineral acquisition and exploration company focused on the development of zinc, gold, and tungsten deposits in the Kootenay Arc, in the southeastern region of British Columbia.

For a full description of the Corporation's properties, including the Jersey-Emerald Property, Jackpot Property, YSR Properties, CANEX property, Ore Hill property and Aspenex property (as such terms are defined in the Corporation's management's discussion and analysis for the year ended September 30, 2017), please see the Corporation's management's discussion and analysis dated January 29, 2018, for the year ended September 30, 2017 which is available on the Corporation's SEDAR profile at www.sedar.com.

CORPORATE UPDATES

Summary of 2018 Financing and Securities Matters

On December 6, 2017, the Corporation closed a non-brokered private placement of 4,399,999 units of the Corporation at a purchase price of \$0.30 per unit and 1,134,943 common shares of the Corporation issued on a "CEE flow-through" basis pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) at a price of \$0.36 per Flow-Through share for aggregate proceeds of \$1,728,579. Each unit consists of one common share of the Corporation and one half of one common share purchase warrant in the Corporation. Each whole warrant is exercisable by the holder at a price of \$0.40 per warrant for a period of two years from December 6, 2017, subject to accelerated expiry, if the 20-day Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Share of the TSX-V exceeds \$0.50 per share.

On December 22, 2017, the Corporation closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,377,600 units of the Corporation at a purchase price of \$0.30 per unit and 3,076,521 common shares of the Corporation issued on a "CEE flow-through" basis pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) at a price of \$0.36 per Flow-Through share for aggregate

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proceeds of \$1,520,828. Each unit consists of one common share of the Corporation and one half of one common share purchase warrant in the Corporation. Each whole warrant is exercisable by the holder at a price of \$0.40 per warrant for a period of two years from December 22, 2017, subject to accelerated expiry, if the 20-day Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Share of the TSX-V exceeds \$0.50 per share.

Financial Instruments, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Corporation's financial instruments, consisting of cash, other receivables and trade payables, approximate fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of the instruments. It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

As at December 31, 2017, the Corporation had trade and other payables of \$124,911 (September 30, 2017 - \$305,718) due within 12 months and had cash on hand of \$2,457,956 (September 30, 2017 - \$1,024,387).

The Corporation currently has sufficient cash to fund its current commitments and payables and to carry out its ongoing drill program at its properties. Pursuant to the Jersey-Emerald Option Agreement, the Corporation is required to make option payments of \$50,000 per month until March 1, 2018 and commencing on April 1, 2018 the Corporation will be required to make option payments of \$100,000 per month until a total of \$4 million has been paid to Apex.

The Corporation defines capital to include equity, comprised of share capital including warrants, contributed surplus and deficit.

The Corporation's primary objective with respect to its capital management is to ensure that it has sufficient cash resources to fund the identification and evaluation of potential acquisitions and to maintain the development program for the Jersey Emerald, Jackpot/Oxide, Bayonne Sheep Creek Properties and Ore Hill and Aspenex properties (collectively, the "Properties"). To secure the additional capital necessary to pursue these plans, the Corporation may attempt to raise additional funds through the issuance of equity, by securing strategic partners or assuming debt.

HIGHLIGHTS

	Three months ended December 31, 2017	Three months ended December 31, 2016
Cash from financing activities	\$ 3,071,776	\$ 1,954,295
Cash used in operations	(921,290)	(744,216)
Net loss	(693,202)	(596,367)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	(0.02)	(0.02)

As at,	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Total assets	8,733,125	6,450,354
Current assets	2,718,348	1,157,908
Current liabilities	352,735	305,718
Working capital	\$ 2,365,613	\$ 852,190
Common shares outstanding	59,982,181	49,843,118

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SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table summarizes the Corporation's quarterly financial results:

Three months ended,	December 31		September 30		June 30		March 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Expenses								
General and administrative	\$ 356,030	\$ 466,431	\$ 420,169	\$ 250,050	\$ 462,451	\$ (8,383)	\$ 799,509	\$ 83,587
Operating and production costs	275,879	27,430	73,149	(16,287)	23,087	86,890	33,105	1,384
Depreciation and depletion	8,994	5,339	9,284	5,083	5,118	1,148	4,896	1,148
Share based compensation	69,171	110,750	194,537	35,711	100,686	17,288	110,890	1,045
Foreign exchange loss	1,425	1,842	6,904	-	4,599	-	1,443	-
Loss before other items	\$ 711,499	\$ 611,792	\$ 704,043	\$ 274,557	\$ 595,941	\$ 96,943	\$ 949,844	\$ 87,164
Interest income	-	-	(403)	-	-	-	-	-
Flow through share premium	(18,297)	(15,426)	-	(7,774)	(30,975)	-	(18,545)	-
Fair value gain on derivative	-	-	1,007	-	-	-	(1,007)	-
Forgiveness of debt	-	-	-	(80,000)	-	(80,000)	-	-
Net loss from Operations	\$ 693,202	\$ 596,367	\$ 704,647	\$ 186,783	\$ 564,966	\$ 16,943	\$ 930,292	\$ 87,164
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.00

DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS

The Corporation is focused on the development of zinc, gold, and tungsten deposits in the Kootenay Arc, in the southeastern region of British Columbia. The Corporation's general and administrative expenses decreased to \$356,030 from the 2016 comparative amount of \$466,431. The decrease in general and administrative expenses is a result of decreased consultants, travel, marketing and professional fees related to the business of the Corporation for the three month ended December 31, 2017. The Corporation is dedicating resources, including third party consultants, to market the Corporation to investors.

General and administrative details for the three months ended December 31:

	2017	2016
Consulting	\$ 114,412	\$ 164,969
Travel & Meals	34,904	81,857
Office & Administrative	21,780	26,215
Marketing	125,104	104,316
Professional Fees	59,830	89,075
Total	\$ 356,030	\$ 466,431

Operating and production

The Corporation incurred operating costs of \$275,879 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 (2016 – \$27,430). The increase for the three months ended December 31, 2017 is a result of increased exploration activity at the Corporation's Properties.

Total expenses

Total expenses for the three months ended December 31, 2017 was \$711,499 (2016 - \$611,792). The increase for the three months ended December 31, 2017 is a mainly a result of increased operating expenses related to the exploration.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk. Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

As at December 31, 2017, the Corporation had cash and cash equivalents of \$2,457,956 compared with \$1,024,387 at September 30, 2017. The Corporation continues to experience negative operating cash flow as a result of no revenue coupled with the Corporation's ongoing expenses related to its exploration and business development activities. The Corporation anticipates a negative operating cash flow will continue until such time as production begins on its existing properties

As at December 31, 2017, the Corporation's working capital was \$2,365,613 (2016 - \$852,190).

The Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations and generate sufficient cash from operating and financing activities to meet the Corporation's needs. However, certain conditions exist that may cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption. The Corporation incurred a net loss of \$693,202 for the three months ended December 31, 2017 (2016 - \$596,367) and had negative cash flows from operating activities of \$921,290 (2016 - \$744,216). The condensed interim financial statements do not reflect the adjustments or reclassification of assets and liabilities which would be necessary if the Corporation were unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and liabilities in other than the normal course of business and potentially at amounts significantly different from those recorded in the condensed interim financial statements. The Corporation intends to raise the required funds through the issuance of equity, by securing strategic partners or assuming debt.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Corporation has not engaged in any off-balance sheet arrangements such as obligations under guarantee contracts, a retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity, any obligation under derivative instruments or any obligation under a material variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support to the Corporation or engages in leasing or hedging services with the Corporation.

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PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Petroleum and natural gas assets	Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cost			
Balance as at October 1, 2017	272,399	218,714	491,113
Additions	-	19,573	19,573
Balance as at December 31, 2017	272,399	238,287	510,686
Accumulated depletion and depreciation and impairment			
Balance as at October 1, 2017	272,399	52,299	324,698
Charge for the year	-	8,994	8,994
Balance as at December 31, 2017	272,399	61,293	333,692
Net book value			
December 31, 2017	-	176,994	176,994

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	\$
Balance as at October 1, 2017	4,926,031
Additions – Jersey Emerald	460,161
Additions – Jackpot	64,442
Additions – Canex	11,000
Additions – Bayonne & Sheep Creek	176,149
Balance as at December 31, 2017	5,637,783

E&E assets consist of costs expended on the Corporation's projects which are pending determination of technical feasibility and commercial viability.

Management assessed the E&E assets at December 31, 2017 and determined that no indicators of impairment existed.

During the three months ended December 31, 2017, the Corporation primarily focused its activities to mining on its Jersey-Emerald Property, the Jackpot/Oxide Property and the Bayonne Sheep Creek Property located in Salmo, British Columbia. The Corporation also entered into option agreements to acquire 100% of the Ore Hill property and entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire 100% of the Aspenex property.

Jersey Emerald Property

The Corporation incurred \$460,161 of E&E on the Property during the three months ended December 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$732,702) relating to exploration activity which included \$150,000 payments to Apex Resources Inc. ("Apex") as part of the Jersey Emerald Option Agreement.

The Jersey Emerald Property is also subject to several additional net smelter returns ("NSR"), ranging from 1%-3% on various areas of the Jersey Emerald Property and these additional NSRs require advance royalty payments totalling \$50,000 per year. As at December 31, 2017, \$200,000 (2016 - \$150,000) has been paid towards the advance royalty payments and are recorded in long-term prepaids on the statement of financial position.

Jackpot/Oxide Property

The Corporation incurred \$64,442 of E&E costs on the property during the three months ended December 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$10,000) relating to exploration activity.

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During the period ended December 31, 2017, the Corporation paid \$30,000 cash in option payments and issued 50,000 shares.

The shares were valued at \$43,500 less a discount of \$9,489 which has been applied due to a resale restriction on the shares (note 6).

Canex Property

The Corporation incurred \$11,000 of E&E costs on the Canex Property during the three months ended December 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$nil) relating to exploration activity.

Bayonne & Sheep Creek Properties

The Corporation incurred \$176,149 of E&E costs on the Bayonne Property during the three months ended December 31, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$nil) relating to exploration activity.

Related Party Transactions

Except as disclosed elsewhere, all related party transactions are in the normal course of operations.

As at December 31, 2017, the Corporation had an amount of \$nil (2016 - \$652) due to directors and officers included in trade and other payables.

During the three months ended December 31, 2017, the Corporation was provided geological consulting services in the amount of \$nil (2016 - \$6,705) from a Company controlled by a director of the Corporation. The Corporation paid \$31,000 (2016 - \$nil) to an officer for compensation as Vice President Exploration of the Corporation. The total amounts have been capitalized to the mineral property as exploration cost.

The Corporation also incurred professional services in the amount of \$18,750 (2016 - \$14,588) provided by a Company controlled by a director of the Corporation. These fees have been reflected in general and administrative expenses.

An aggregate of \$7,500 (2016 - \$13,500) in consulting fees was paid to a corporation owned by an officer of the Corporation for compensation as CFO.

An aggregate of \$52,500 (2016 - \$58,000) in consulting fees were paid to a corporation owned by a director and officer of the Corporation for compensation as CEO of the Corporation. Costs associated with various administrative support costs of \$17,413 (2016 - \$48,877) were also reimbursed to a director and officer of the Corporation recorded in general and administrative expenses on the statement of net loss and comprehensive loss. Costs associated with property and equipment of \$10,250 (2016-\$nil) was reimbursed to a director and officer of the Corporation recorded in property and equipment on the statement of financial position.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the year were as follows:

	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Short-term employee salary and benefits	-	-
Share-based payments	69,171	110,750
Capitalized share-based payments	6,344	-
Total	75,515	66,711

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Outstanding Share Data

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, all without nominal or par value. The common shares may be issued in one or more series and the directors are authorized to fix the number of shares in each series and to determine the designation, rights, privileges, restrictions, and conditions attached to the shares of each series. No preferred shares have been issued by the Corporation.

Issued	December 31, 2017		September 30, 2017	
	Common Shares	Amount	Common Shares	Amount
Opening balance	49,843,118	\$10,015,899	29,093,938	\$6,541,166
Shares issued, net (a)(b)(c)	10,139,063	2,743,786	20,749,180	3,474,733
Closing Balance	59,982,181	\$12,759,685	49,843,118	\$10,015,899
Warrants				
Opening balance	15,224,823	3,119,823	4,775,000	747,392
Warrant Issuance (d)	2,888,798	119,144	10,449,823	2,372,431
Closing balance	18,113,621	3,238,967	15,224,823	3,119,823
Note payable – equity component	-	-	-	(2,746)
Total Share Capital		\$15,998,652		\$13,135,722

- (a) On December 1, 2017, the Corporation issued 150,000 common shares as per the Jackpot/Oxide Property option agreement signed on October 12, 2016 and as per TSV-V approval received on December 1, 2016. The common shares were valued at a market price of \$0.29 per common share. The shares carry a resale restriction the expire on April 1, 2018.
- (b) On December 6, 2017, the Corporation closed a non-brokered private placement of 4,399,999 units of the Corporation at a purchase price of \$0.30 per unit and 1,134,943 common shares of the Corporation issued on a “CEE flow-through” basis pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) at a price of \$0.36 per Flow-Through share for aggregate proceeds of \$1,728,579. Each unit consists of one common share of the Corporation and one half of one common share purchase warrant in the Corporation. Each whole warrant is exercisable by the holder at a price of \$0.40 per warrant for a period of two years from December 6, 2017, subject to accelerated expiry, if the 20-day Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Share of the TSX-V exceeds \$0.50 per share.
- (c) On December 22, 2017, the Corporation closed a non-brokered private placement of 1,377,600 units of the Corporation at a purchase price of \$0.30 per unit and 3,076,521 common shares of the Corporation issued on a “CEE flow-through” basis pursuant to the Income Tax Act (Canada) at a price of \$0.36 per Flow-Through share for aggregate proceeds of \$1,520,828. Each unit consists of one common share of the Corporation and one half of one common share purchase warrant in the Corporation. Each whole warrant is exercisable by the holder at a price of \$0.40 per warrant for a period of two years from December 22, 2017, subject to accelerated expiry, if the 20-day Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Share of the TSX-V exceeds \$0.50 per share.
- (d) As part of the non-flow through units issued on December 6, 2017 and December 22, 2017; subscribers received one-half warrant per unit purchased. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Corporation at a price of \$0.40 for a period of 24 months from the date of closing. All warrants vest immediately. A value of \$476,578 has been attributed to the warrants issued based on the Black-Scholes pricing model and has been credited to warrants within shareholders' equity. The fair value of these warrants was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the date of grant and using the following assumptions:

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Risk-free rate	1.05% - 1.16%
Weighted-average life	2 years
Dividend yield	nil
Annualized Volatility	127%
Weighted-average fair value	\$0.16
Expected Life	2 years

Flow-through shares

During the period ended December 31, 2017, the Corporation raised \$1,516,127 on a CEE flow-through share basis and was required to incur a net total of \$1,516,127 of qualifying expenditures to renounce the tax deductions to investors. As at December 31, 2017, \$490,917 of qualifying expenditures were incurred which requires the Corporation to expend a further \$1,025,210 to meet its minimum flow-through share expenditure commitment. The total flow-through share premium recorded \$246,122 on the issuance of the flow-through share expenditure has been amortized in the amount of \$18,297 to reflect the proportion of expenditures incurred to December 31, 2017. The amortization is reflected as flow-through premium in the statement of net loss and comprehensive loss. The Corporation expects to expend the remaining amount during the fiscal year 2018.

Stock option plan

The Corporation has adopted an incentive stock option plan in accordance with the policies of the TSX Venture (the "Stock Option Plan") which provides that the Board of Directors of the Corporation may from time to time, at its discretion, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Corporation non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance under the Stock Option Plan shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued and outstanding common shares exercisable for the period of up to ten (10) years. In addition, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one person shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the issued and outstanding common shares and the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one consultant will not exceed two percent (2%) of the issued and outstanding common shares. The Board of Directors determines the price per common share and the number of common shares which may be allocated to each director, officer, employee and consultant and all other terms and conditions of the option, subject to the rules of TSX Venture.

A summary of the Corporation's stock option plan activity is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted-average Exercise Price	Weighted-average Life (years)
Exercisable as at September 30, 2017	2,446,654	\$0.20	3.4
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	4,840,000	\$0.24	3.8
Exercisable as at December 31, 2017	2,939,988	\$0.20	3.1
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	4,840,000	\$0.24	3.5

No options were issued during the three months ended December 31, 2017. At December 31, 2017, the weighted-average life of the options outstanding was 3.5 years (2016 – 4.8 years).

Contributed Surplus

Description	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Opening balance	\$ 4,993,467	\$ 4,464,557
Share-based payments	69,171	516,863
Capitalized share-based payments	6,344	40,632
Discount due to resale restriction (Note 6)	(9,489)	(32,556)
Equity component of note payable	-	3,971
Closing balance	\$ 5,059,493	\$ 4,993,467

CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information used internally and disclosed externally is complete, reliable and timely. Management is also responsible for the design and evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting to provide sufficient knowledge to support the representations made in this MD&A and financial statements for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

The Management of the Corporation has filed the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with the filings for the three months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

In contrast to the certificate required under National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the venture issuer basic certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing certificates for venture issuers are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- (i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation, and
- (ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's generally accepted accounting principles.

The issuer's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in their certificates.

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency, and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the condensed interim financial statements is in conformity with IFRS. Preparing the condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management continually evaluates these judgments, estimates and assumptions based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Note 4 of the Corporation's September 30, 2017 audited financial statements provide greater detail regarding all of the significant accounting policies.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The new IFRS pronouncements which have been issued but are not yet effective and may have an impact on the Corporation in the future are as follows:

IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments" – replaces IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". The standard revises and limits the classification and measurement models available for financial assets and liabilities to amortized cost or fair value. Previously multiple models were available. The new standard is effective for annual

periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Corporation has reviewed the new standard the effects of the new standard and management believes there will be no immediate impact on the Corporation.

IFRS 16, "Leases" – seeks to bring all leases on-balance sheet for lessees. IFRS 16 requires lessees to recognize a "right of use" asset and a lease liability calculated using a prescribed methodology. The mandatory effective date of IFRS 16 is for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption is permitted provided that IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, is also adopted.

BUSINESS RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Corporation's production and exploration activities are concentrated in Western Canada where activity is highly competitive and includes companies ranging from smaller junior producers to the much larger integrated petroleum and mining companies. The Corporation is subject to various types of business risks and uncertainties, including:

- Finding and developing mineral reserves at economic costs
- Commodity Risk
- Production of minerals in commercial quantities
- Marketability of minerals produced
- Substantial capital requirements and access to capital markets
- Environmental risks
- Reliance on operators and key employees
- Third party credit risk
- Insurance
- Changes in legislation and incentive programs

The Corporation is not in a position to predict these risks or uncertainties, nor evaluate their impact, as the case may be, on its activities. The following summary of risks and uncertainties applicable to the Corporation are not comprehensive, and there may be other factors, or a combination of factors, that can cause actual results to differ from those presented in the Corporation's forward-looking statements.

Commodity Risk

The value of the Corporation's exploration and evaluation of assets are related to the price of zinc, lead, tungsten, gold and other mineral commodities, and the outlook for the minerals. The Corporation's business could be affected by commodity market price movements and their impact on the future economic viability of the Corporation's projects and the ability of the Corporation to raise capital. These market risks are evaluated by monitoring changes in key economic indicators and market information on an on-going basis and adjusting operating and exploration budgets accordingly.

Exploration Risk

The Corporation operates as a mineral explorer in the mining industry which involves considerable financial and technical risk. Substantial time and expenditures are usually required to make discoveries and to establish economic reserves. It is impossible to ensure that the current properties and programs of the Corporation will result in economic discoveries and development. Accordingly, success in achieving the objectives of the Corporation is affected by some circumstances over which the Corporation has no control.

In order to reduce exploration risk, the Corporation strives to employ highly qualified and motivated professional employees with a demonstrated ability to generate quality proprietary geological and geophysical prospects. To help maximize drilling success, the Corporation combines exploration in areas that afford multi-zone prospect potential, targeting a range of low to moderate risk prospects with some exposure to select high risk, high reward opportunities.

Additional Financing

The business of the Corporation depends, in part, on its ability to raise funds by issuing securities of the Corporation. The Corporation is exposed to financing risks such as not being able to raise sufficient funds to meet the required option payments on the Properties. To mitigate this risk, the Corporation has intermediaries with valuable commercial relationships actively searching for ways to raise funds. The Corporation intends to raise the required funds through issuance of equity by securing strategic partners or assuming debt. The exercise of stock options, as well as any new equity financings, represent dilution factors for present and future shareholders.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counter party will fail to perform an obligation or fail to pay amounts due causing a financial loss. The Corporation's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and trade and other receivables which are with customers and are subject to normal credit risks.

Credit risk associated with cash is minimized substantially by ensuring that these financial assets are placed with major Canadian financial institutions.

The Corporation's maximum exposure for the year ended September 30, 2017 relates to \$ 2,457,956 (2016 – \$1,024,388) of cash and \$167,547 (2016 - \$24,536) of trade receivables for three months ended December 30, 2017. Trade receivables consisted to goods and services tax and other receivables owed to the Corporation.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk rises from the Corporation's general funding needs and in the management of the Corporation's assets, liabilities and mineral property expenditure requirements. The Corporation manages its liquidity risk to maintain sufficient liquid financial resources to meet its commitments and obligations as they come due in a cost-effective manner.

Environmental Risks

Mining can involve environmental risks such as pollution of the environment and destruction of natural habitat, as well as safety risks such as personal injury. In order to mitigate such risk, the Corporation conducts its operations at high standards and follows safety procedures intended to reduce the potential for personal injury to employees, contractors and the public at large.

The Corporation mitigates its risk related to producing hydrocarbons and minerals through the utilization of the most appropriate technology and information systems. In addition, the Corporation seeks to maintain operational control of the majority of its prospects.

Management and Employees

The Corporation depends on the skills and experience of its management team and other key employees. The Corporation also relies on its ability to attract and retain skilled personnel in a competitive environment. A failure to recruit and retain employees in order to assist the Corporation's business may adversely affect the Corporation's business or financial condition.

Subsequent Events

On February 1, 2018, Mr. Jason Linkewich resigned as Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation. Effective at the same date, Mr. Don Nguyen was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Corporation.

On February 7, 2018, the Corporation submitted a joint application to the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, and the Ministry of Environment and Climate Change Strategy, for a permit under the BC Mines Act to undertake a Bulk Sample of up to 10,000 tonnes of historic tailings from the historic Jersey-Emerald mine in southeaster BC.

On February 13, 2018 the Corporation entered into an amending agreement (the "Amending Agreement") with Apex Resources Inc. ("Apex") to amend the option agreement dated November 8, 2013 as amended on each of January 22, 2014, October 26, 2015, December 31, 2015, February 11, 2016 and March 30, 2016 (the "Option Agreement"), granting Margaux an option to purchase 100% of the Jersey Emerald Property for payments totaling approximately \$4 million according to terms set forth therein. Pursuant to the Amending Agreement, option payments will be payable as follows: (i) \$50,000 per month commencing April 2017 for a period of 21 months for a total payment of \$1,050,000; and (ii) \$100,000 per month commencing on January 1, 2019 until a total of \$.02 million has been paid to Apex under the Option Agreement. All other terms of the Option Agreement remain unchanged.

On February 16, 2018, the Corporation issued 150,000 common shares as per the Bayonne Property option agreement signed on December 23, 2016 and as per TSX-V approval received on February 6, 2017.

Directors and Officers

H. Tyler Rice, CEO, President, and Director
James Letwin, Director and Chairman
Doug Foster, Director
Robert Derkitt, Director
Edward Lawrence, Director